Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLI	ST
Benchmark 2: Standard 1:	DENTAL SCIENCE II DENTAL ANATOMY	
Objectives 01.09:	Locate the Major Anatomical Landmarks of t	the Face
does not perform a sentire procedure. Sk	g Scale: The student is to perform each step in the step, or requires help, the student cannot receive crall must be performed in a timely manner. A patient or mannequin.	
	EPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
1. Outer canthus		
2. Inner canthus		
3. Ala of the nose		
4. Philtrum		
5. Tragus of the ear		
6. Nasion		
7. Glabella		
8. Root of nose		
9. Septum		
10. Anterior naris		
11. Mental protrubea		
12. Angle of the mar	ndible	
13. Zygomatic arch		
14. Labial commissu		
15. Vermillion borde	er	
Comments:		
Student's Signature:		Date:

Instructor's Signature: _____ Date: _____

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIS	ST
Benchmark 2: Standard 1:	DENTAL SCIENCE II DENTAL ANATOMY	
Objectives 01.10:	Locate Major Landmarks of the Oral Cavity	
Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student does not perform a step, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit and must repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner.		
	Oral cavity or mannequin. PS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
1. Vestibule	15. Wash hands and don appropriate 112	SHIBINCIONI
2. Oral Cavity Proper	r	
3. Upper Labial Fren		
4. Lower Labial Fren		
5. Lingual Frenum	*	
6. Hard Palate		
7. Oral Mucosa		
8. Incisive Papilla		
9. Palatal Rugae		
10. Palatal Raphe		
11. Soft Palate		
12. Uvula		
13. Palatine Tonsil		
14. Tongue		
15. Gag Reflex		
Comments:		
Student's Signature:		_ Date:

Instructor's Signature: _____ Date: _____

Student	Period		
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASS PERFORMANCE SKILLS C		
Benchmark 2: Standard 2:	DENTAL SCIENCE II TOOTH MORPHOLOGY		
Objectives 02.07:	Distinguish Tooth Identification (dentition, type, anterior or posterior, maxillary or mandibular).		
does not perform a sentire procedure. Sk	g Scale: The student is to perform each step, or requires help, the student cannot ill must be performed in a timely mann Oral cavity, teeth diagrams or typodont	ot receive credit and <u>must</u> repeat the ner.	
PROCEDURE STE		SATISFACTORY	
Identify the following	ng items		
1. Deciduous dentition			
2. Mixed dentition p	eriod		
3. Permanent dentition			
4. Succedaneous teet			
5. Maxillary arch			
6. Mandibular arch			
7. Quadrants			
8. Sextants			
9. Anterior teeth			
10. Posterior teeth			
11. Incisors			
12. Cuspids			
13. Premolar			
14. Molars			
Comments:			
Student's Signature:		Date:	
Stadent & Signature.			
Instructor's Signature:		Date:	

StudentPeriod		riod
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSIST PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHEC	
Benchmark 2: Standard 2:	DENTAL SCIENCE II TOOTH MORPHOLOGY	
Objectives 02.08:	Identify the Names and Abbreviations	of Tooth Surfaces
does not perform a entire procedure. Sl	ng Scale: The student is to perform each step step, or requires help, the student cannot reckill must be performed in a timely manner. Oral cavity, teeth diagrams or typodont.	
PROCEDURE STI		SATISFACTORY
	TION AND ABBREVIATIONS	SHIBITETORI
1. Facial surface		
2. Labial surface		
3. Buccal surface		
4. Lingual surface		
5. Palatal surface		
6. Incisal surface		
7. Occlusal surface		
8. Mesial surface		
9. Distal surface		
10. Proximal surface	es	
11. Interproximal sp	pace	
Comments:		
Student's Signature:		Date:
Stadent & Signature.		
Instructor's Signature	:	Date:

Student_	Period

Benchmark 2: DENTAL SCIENCE II

Standard 4: ORAL HEALTH

Objectives 04.03: Apply Appropriate Personal Oral Hygiene

Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student **does not** perform a step, or requires help, the student **cannot** receive credit and **must** repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner.

Materials Needed: Disclosing tablets, toothbrush, toothpaste, floss, infection control barriers.

PROCEDURE STEPS	SATISFACTORY
DISCLOSING PROCEDURE	SATISTACTORT
1. Chew 1 tablet. Swish around for 30 seconds. DO NO SWALLOW.	
Expectorate.	
2. Rinse with water. The red color remaining on teeth indicates where	
harmful dental plaque was overlooked when brushing.	
3. Thoroughly remove the dark red color by brushing and flossing. The	
red color will slowly disappear from the tongue and mouth tissue after	
use.	
4. Use periodically to monitor plaque removal.	
TOOTHBRUSHING: BASS METHOD	
This procedure may be practiced without toothpaste.	
1. Place the brush on the last two or three teeth in the arch at a 45 degree	
angle to the long axis of the tooth.	
2. Gently guide the bristles into the gingival sulcus. Move the brush in	
short vibrating strokes at least 10 times without moving the tips of the	
bristles away from the sulcus.	
3. Move the brush anteriorly over the next two or three teeth. Be sure to	
overlap on the previous area.	
4. Repeat steps 1-3 continuing along the entire facial surface.	
5. Move the brush to the lingual surfaces. Follow steps 1-3.	
6. When cleaning the maxillary and mandibular anterior lingual areas,	
hold the brush vertically and gently guide the bristles into the sulcus.	
7. Finish each arch by brushing the occlusal surfaces.	
FLOSSING PROCEDURE	
1. Dispense a piece of floss approximately 15-18 inches in length. Wrap	
most of the floss gently around the middle finger of one hand and just a	
small amount on the middle finger of the other hand. When moving from	
tooth to tooth, floss can be unwrapped from one finger and onto the	
other, allowing for clean floss each time.	

2. Begin in the maxillary right quadrant on the most distal surface. With	
no more than two inches of floss between the fingers, guide the floss with	
both thumbs or thumb and index finger for the maxillary arch.	
3. Wrap the floss around the distal surface of the tooth. Starting at the	
sulcus, move the floss up and down several times, scrapping the plaque	
off.	
4. Moving to the next tooth anteriorly, hold floss in a diagonal position	
over the teeth at the insertion point. Seesaw the floss between the contact	
areas. Do not force or snap the floss as the interdental papilla may be	
injured in the process.	
5. Wrap the floss around the mesial surface of the tooth. Starting at the	
sulcus, move the floss up and down several times. Cross the interdental	
papilla, and wrap the floss around the distal surface of the adjacent tooth.	
Slide the floss up and down several times.	
6. Remove the floss using a seesaw motion. If the contact is too tight or	
the floss begins to shred, hold it against the proximal surface and pull the	
floss through, unwrapping from the opposite finger.	
7. Move from tooth to tooth until all teeth have been flossed. When	
flossing in the mandibular arch, floss is guided with both index fingers.	
8. Rinse mouth to remove loosened plaque.	
Comments:	
Student's Signature:	Date:
Instructor's Signature:	Date:

StudentPeriod	
---------------	--

Benchmark 2: DENTAL SCIENCE II

Standard 4: ORAL HEALTH

Objectives 04.04: Instruct a Patient in Personal Oral Hygiene

Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student **does not** perform a step, or requires help, the student **cannot** receive credit and **must** repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner.

Materials Needed: Disclosing tablets, hand mirror for patient, toothbrush, toothpaste, floss, infection control barriers, PPE.

infection control barriers, PPE.	T
PROCEDURE STEPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
DISCLOSING PROCEDURE	
1. Have patient chew 1 tablet. Instruct to swish around for 30	
seconds. Remind patient NOT TO SWALLOW. Have patient	
expectorate or suction for patient.	
2. Instruct patient to rinse with water. Evaluate the red color	
remaining on teeth. Show patient where harmful dental plaque was	
overlooked when brushing.	
3. The red color will slowly disappear from the tongue and mouth	
tissue after use. Use periodically to monitor plaque removal.	
4. Instruct patient in personal oral hygiene procedures.	
TOOTHBRUSHING: BASS METHOD	
This procedure may be practiced without toothpaste for visibility	
purposes. Give patient the hand mirror.	
1. Instruct patient in the choice of brushes. Place the brush on the	
last two or three teeth in the arch at a 45 degree angle to the long	
axis of the tooth.	
2. Gently guide the bristles into the gingival sulcus. Move the brush	
in short vibrating strokes at least 10 times without moving the tips of	
the bristles away from the sulcus.	
3. Move the brush anteriorly over the next two or three teeth. Be	
sure to overlap on the previous area.	
4. Repeat steps 1-3 continuing along the entire facial surface.	
5. Move the brush to the lingual surfaces. Follow steps 1-3.	
6. When cleaning the maxillary and mandibular anterior lingual	
areas, hold the brush vertically and gently guide the bristles into the	
sulcus using the butt of the brush.	
7. Finish each arch by brushing the occlusal surfaces.	
8. Rinse patient.	

FLOSSING PROCEDURE	
1. Dispense a piece of floss approximately 15-18 inches in length.	
Wrap most of the floss gently around the middle finger of one hand	
and just a small amount on the middle finger of the other hand.	
When moving from tooth to tooth, floss can be unwrapped from one	
finger and onto the other, allowing for clean floss each time.	
2. Begin with the maxillary centrals so the patient can observe the	
flossing action. With no more than 1 inch of floss between the	
fingers, guide the floss with both thumbs or thumb and index finger	
for the maxillary arch.	
3. Hold the floss in a diagonal position over the teeth at the insertion	
point. Seesaw the floss between the contact areas. Do not force or	
snap the floss as the interdental papilla may be injured in the	
process.	
4. Wrap the floss around the mesial surface of the tooth. Starting at	
the sulcus, move the floss up and down several times. Cross the	
interdental papilla, and wrap the floss around the mesial surface of	
the adjacent tooth. Slide the floss up and down several times.	
5. Remove the floss using a seesaw motion. If the contact is too	
tight or the floss begins to shred, hold it against the proximal surface	
and pull the floss through, unwrapping from the opposite finger.	
6. Move from tooth to tooth until all teeth have been flossed. When	
flossing in the mandibular arch, floss is guided with both index	
fingers.	
7. Have the patient demonstrate the correct use of the floss.	
Comments:	
Charles Charles	Data
Student's Signature:	Date:
Instructor's Signature:	Date:

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	
Benchmark 2: Standard 4:	DENTAL SCIENCE II ORAL HEALTH	
Objective 04.08	Analyze a Diet Diary	
step, needs help or credit and MUST re Materials Needed	rform each step in the evaluation in a timely manner. If the does not complete EACH step satisfactorily, the studer epeat the ENTIRE procedure diet diary, dietary analysis form, and pen or pencil.	
	Procedure Steps	Satisfactory
	onal three-day diet diary. of for intake of vitamin rich foods	
	for inclusion of complete minerals	
	to determine cariogenic intake	
	for balance according to individual food pyramid	
6. Make suggestion	as about modifications that could better your personal diet	
7. Review the diary	with instructor and document comments	
Comments:		

Student's Signature: _____ Date: _____

Instructor's Signature: _____ Date: ____

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	•
Benchmark 2: Standard 5:	DENTAL SCIENCE II PATIENT ASSESSMENT	
Objectives 05.02:	Prepare and Organize a Patient Record	
does not perform a sentire procedure. Sk Materials Needed: I	g Scale: The student is to perform each step in the everage, or requires help, the student cannot receive creditial must be performed in a timely manner. Registration form, medical-dental health history form, form, progress notes form, consent form.	t and <u>must</u> repeat the
PROCEDURE STE		SATISFACTORY
*	or the forms to be completed. Give the registration ipboard and black pen, to the patient to be	
a. Full name, birth b. Home address a c. Occupation, nat telephone number. d. Name and addr e. Method of payr f. Health insurance	eted form for the necessary information: In date, and name of spouse or parent. In description of employer, business address, and I description of employer, business address, and I description of person responsible for payment. I description of person of benefits of insurance entry insurance carrier and group policy number.	
	ecessary for processing financial arrangements and	
	ient has provided a signature and date on the form.	
4. Use information f documents in the pat	rom the registration form to complete other ient record. Remember that the information ne patient is confidential and must be maintained as	
such.	The state of the s	

Student's Signature:	Date:
Instructor's Signature:	Date:

Comment:

Student	Period		
CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST			
Benchmark 2: Standard 5:	DENTAL SCIENCE II PATIENT ASSESSMENT		
Objectives 05.03:	Obtain a Medical and Dental Health History		
Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student does not perform a step, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit and <u>must</u> repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner. Materials Needed: Medical-dental health history form, black pen, and clipboard.			
	PS: This procedure may be done in	SATISFACTORY	
conjunction with set	ting up a patient record.		
	or the information and the importance of fully		
	with a black pen and the form on a clipboard.		
	the patient in completion the form. The patient		
	he terminology or may have a language barrier.		
	return the form and clipboard to you after		
answering all the que	± · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
5. Review the form w	vith the patient noting the following:		
a. Past medical his			
b. Present physica	l condition, changes in health,		
c. Chronic conditi	ons,		
d. Allergies,			
e. Current medicat			
	eeded at the top of the form.		
	for completing the form.		
Comments:			

Student's Signature:

Date: _____

Student	Period

Benchmark 2: DENTAL SCIENCE II
Standard 5: PATIENT ASSESSMENT

Objectives 05.04: Demonstrate Taking and Recording Vital Signs

Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student **does not** perform a step, or requires help, the student **cannot** receive credit and **must** repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner.

Materials Needed: patient record, digital thermometers, probe cover, watch with second hand, stethoscope, blood pressure cuff.

stethoscope, blood pressure cuff.	T
PROCEDURE STEPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
ORAL TEMPERATURE WITH DIGITAL THERMOMETER	
1. Place a new sheath over the probe of the digital thermometer.	
2. Turn the thermometer on. When the display indicates that it is	
ready, gently place the tip under the patient's tongue.	
3. Tell the patient to close his or her lips over the thermometer and	
to refrain from talking or removing it from the mouth.	
4. Leave the thermometer in place until the display indicates a final	
reading; remove from the patient's mouth.	
5. Record the reading in the patient's record.	
6. Turn the thermometer off, remove the sheath, and disinfect the	
thermometer as recommended by the manufacturer.	
TAKING A PATIENT'S PULSE	
1. Seat the patient in an upright position.	
2. Extend the patient's arm, resting it on his or her leg or on the arm	
rest of the patient chair. Have the arm at or below the heart level.	
3. Place the tips of your index and middle fingers on the patient's	
radial artery.	
4. Feel for the patient's pulse before beginning to count.	
5. Count the pulse for 30 seconds; then multiply by 2 to compute the	
rate for a 1-minute reading.	
6. Record the rate, along with any distinct changes in the rhythm.	
Indicate in the patient's record whether you are using the right or left	
arm.	
TAKING A PATIENT'S RESPIRATION	
1. With patient seated, maintain the position you used while taking	
the pulse. The patient should not be aware that you are observing	
his or her breathing.	
2. Count the rise and fall of the patient's chest for 30 seconds; then	

multiply by 2 to compute the rate for a 1-minute reading.	
3. Enter the rate, rhythm, and depth in the patient record.	
TAKING A PATIENT'S BLOOD PRESSURE	
1. Seat the patient with the arm extended at heart level and either	
supported on the chair arm or on a table. The patient's arm should be	
at the same level as the heart.	
2. If possible, roll up the patient's sleeve. Tight clothing can	
interfere with an accurate measurement and reading.	
3. Expel any air from the cuff by opening the valve and pressing	
gently of the cuff.	
4. Place the blood pressure cuff around the patient's arm	
approximately 1 inch above the antecubital space , making sure to	
center the arrow over the brachial artery.	
5. Tighten the cuff, using the Velcro closure to hold it in place.	
Make sure that the cuff is tight enough so that you can squeeze only	
a finger between the cuff and arm.	
6. Place the earpieces of the stethoscope into your ears so that they	
are facing toward the front. This position is more comfortable and	
blocks out distracting noises while you are taking blood pressure.	
7. Place the stethoscope disc over the site of the brachial artery,	
using slight pressure with the fingers.	
8. Grasp the rubber bulb with the other hand, locking the valve,	
inflate the cuff quickly.	
9. Slowly release the valve and listen through the stethoscope.	
10. Note the first distinct thumping sound as the cuff deflates. <i>This</i>	
is the systolic pressure reading (this is the top number when	
recording).	
11. Slowly continue to release the air from the cuff until you hear	
the last sound. This is the diastolic pressure reading (this is the	
bottom number when recording).	
12. Record the reading, indicating which arm was used.	
13. Disinfect the stethoscope earpieces and diaphragm as	
recommended by the manufacturer.	
14. Return the setup to its proper place.	
Comments:	
	_
Student's Signature:	_ Date:

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	,
Benchmark 2: Standard 5:	DENTAL SCIENCE II PATIENT ASSESSMENT	
Objectives 05.06:	Chart the Teeth	
does not perform a sentire procedure. Sk Materials Needed: 2), dental floss, artic	g Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation of requires help, the student cannot receive credit will must be performed in a timely manner. Mouth mirror, explorer, cotton pliers, periodontal probulating paper, articulating paper holder, air-water syringer, clinical examination form.	t and <u>must</u> repeat the be, gauze sponges (2 X
	EPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE.	SATISFACTORY
PATIENT PREPA		
	ady seated and draped with a patient napkin.	
	ient in a supine position.	
	OF TEETH AND OCCLUSION	
	d pencils, eraser, clinical examination form, and a	
flat surface are readi	rocedure, use the air syringe to clear the mouth mirror	
	ing light as necessary.	
	or and explorer to the dentist. The dentist will	
	ce of each tooth beginning with tooth #1 and	
continuing to tooth #	<u> </u>	
4. Record the specifi	c notations as the dentist calls them out.	
	xamine the patient's occlusion. Place the articulating	
	der and transfer the instrument with the paper	
positioned correctly	for that side of the mouth.	
	by the paper will remain on the patient's occlusal and	
	e dentist will look for any abnormal markings to	
indicate improper oc		
17. At the completion	of the procedure, rinse and dry the patient's mouth.	

Student's Signature:	Date:	
Instructor's Signature:	Date:	

8. Document all information accurately in the patient record and sign.

Comment:

Student	Period		
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	•	
Benchmark 2: Standard 5:	DENTAL SCIENCE II PATIENT ASSESSMENT		
Objectives 05.07:	Record the Completed Dental Treatment		
Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student does not perform a step, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit and <u>must</u> repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner. Materials Needed: Black ink pen, patient's record.			
PROCEDURE STE		SATISFACTORY	
1. In the Date column	n, record the date the treatment was provided, using late/year format, such as 2/27/07.		
2. In the Progress Notes column, record all areas of the dental procedure, such as the tooth, the surfaces of the tooth restored, the type and amount of anesthetic agent, the dental materials, used and the patient tolerance to the appointment.			
3. If appropriate, desc	cribe the procedure that was performed with uch as whether the tooth was prepared for a crown.		
5. Return the complet	ted dental record to the business office. The patient s office area to make payment for services and nal appointments.		
Comments.			

Student's Signature:

Date: _____

Student	Period

Benchmark 2: DENTAL SCIENCE II

Standard 6: PHARMACOLOGY AND PAIN CONTROL

Objective 06.08: Assist in the Administration of Local Anesthesia.

Performance Rating Scale: Several skills are included in this procedure. All skills should be completed in proper succession for completion of this procedure.

The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student **does not** perform a step, or requires help, the student **cannot** receive credit and **must** repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner.

Apply a Topical Anesthetic

Materials Needed: 2 X 2 gauze squares, topical anesthetic, cotton-tipped applicator, cotton rolls.

	1 11 /
PROCEDURE STEPS	SATISFACTORY
Preparation: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE.	
1. Place a small amount of topical ointment on the cotton-tipped	
applicator, and then replace the cover of the ointment.	
2. Explain the procedure to the patient.	
3. Determine the injection site, and gently dry the site with gauze	
squares.	
Placement	
1. Place the ointment directly on the injection site.	
2. Place a cotton roll and allow the cotton-tipped applicator to	
remain on the site for three to five minutes.	
3. Remove the applicator just before the dentist gives the injection.	

Assemble the Local Anesthetic Syringe

Materials Needed: Sterile syringe, sealed disposable needle, sterile local anesthetic cartridge.

PROCEDURE STEPS	SATISFACTORY
1. Determine length of needle by the location of the injection.	
2. Organize supplies and position the items out of the patient's view.	
4. Hold the syringe in one hand, and use the thumb ring to pull back	
the plunger.	
5. With the other hand, load the anesthetic cartridge into the syringe,	
stopper end first, toward the plunger.	
6. Release the thumb ring, and allow the harpoon to engage into the	
stopper.	
7. Gently pull back on the plunger to check that the harpoon is	
securely in place.	

8. Break the seal on the needle and remove the protective guard from	
the needle. DO NOT remove the needle guard at this time.	
9. Screw the needle into position on the syringe so that it is straight	
and firmly attached.	
10. Place the prepared syringe on the tray ready for use and out is	
the patient's site.	

Assist in the Administration of Local Anesthesia

Materials needed: Patient tray, three way syringe, HVE tip, recapping device (optional), Sharps container.

PROCEDURE STEPS	SATISFACTORY
1. Remove the topical anesthetic that has been allowed to remain on the	
injection site for three to five minutes.	
2. Take the syringe in the left hand and loosen the needle guard.	
3. Transfer the syringe to the operator by placing the thumb ring over the dentist's thumb.	
4. While the dentist is giving the injection, monitor the patient for any	
adverse effects, and project a calming and relaxed manner.	
5. Place the needle guard on the patient tray with the open end toward the dentist. The dentist will replace the needle guard on the syringe by using a one-handed scoop technique or recapping device.	
6. After the injection is complete, rinse the patient's mouth.	
7. Instruct the patient about the numbness and the precautions of biting the lip or cheek.	
8. Before leaving the dental treatment area, remove the used needles with the needle guard still in place, and dispose of it in the sharps container.	
9. Remove the anesthetic cartridge and dispose of it with the medical waste.	
10. Place the syringe on the tray to be returned to the sterilization center.	
COMMENTS:	
Student's Signature:	Date:
Instructor's Signature:	Date:

Student	Period_	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKL	
Benchmark 2: Standard 7:	DENTAL SCIENCE II DIRECT RESTORATIVE MATERIA	ALS
Objective 07.04	Assemble a Matrix Band and Universal Reta	iner
does not perform a s entire procedure. Sk	g Scale: The student is to perform each step in the step, or requires help, the student cannot receive could must be performed in a timely manner.	eredit and must repeat the
	Matrix band, universal retainer, ball burnisher, and PS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
	x Band and Universal Retainer	
1. Determine if the to	ooth being restored is maxillary, mandibular,	
right, or left.		
2. Place the middle o	f the band on the paper pad, and burnish this	
area with a burnisher	•	
	with diagonal slot facing you and turn the outer se until the end of the spindle is visible and	
	b until the vise moves next to the guide slots.	
	ends of the band to identify the occlusal and	
	ne matrix band. The occlusal edge has the larger	
circumference.		
6. With the diagonal	slot of the retainer facing toward you, slide the	
joined ends of the ba	nd, occlusal edge first, into the diagonal slot on	
the vice.		
	the correct guide slots.	
Comments:		
Student's Signature:		Date:

Instructor's Signature: _____ Date: _____

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIS	T
Benchmark 2: Standard 7:	DENTAL SCIENCE II DIRECT RESTORATIVE MATERIALS	S
Objective 07.05	Mixing and Transferring Dental Amalgam	
does not perform a entire procedure. Sl	ng Scale: The student is to perform each step in the estep, or requires help, the student cannot receive creckill must be performed in a timely manner. PPE, amalgam capsule, capsule activator, amalgamaticar	lit and <u>must</u> repeat the
PROCEDURE ST		SATISFACTORY
	don appropriate PPE.	SATISFACTORI
	als needed and place on a patient tray or barrier.	
	ule using the activator.	
	in the amalgamator.	
	s on the amalgamator.	
6. Close the cover on the amalgamator and begin trituration.		
	or stops, remove the capsule, twist it open, and	
	nto the amalgam well or onto the amalgam cloth.	
8. Fill both ends of t		
	er to the operator with the small end facing toward	
the tooth to be filled	<u> </u>	
10. Continue this pr	ocess until the preparation is overfilled.	
COMMENTS.		
Student's Signature:		Data
Student's Signature:		Date:
Instructor's Signature	:	Date:

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	
Benchmark 2: Standard 7:	DENTAL SCIENCE II DIRECT RESTORATIVE MATERIALS	
Objective 07.06	Preparing Composite Resin Materials	
does not perform a sentire procedure. Sk Materials Needed:	Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evastep, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit cill must be performed in a timely manner. PPE, shade guide, composite resin material, treated page instrument, 2 X 2 alcohol gauze pads, curing light, cu	and must repeat the
PROCEDURE STI		SATISFACTORY
	lon appropriate PPE.	
2. Select the shade of	11 1	
3. Express the neede in the light-protected	ed amount for the restoration onto the treated pad or d well.	
4. Transfer the compathe dentist.	posite instrument and material to the transfer zone for	
	sk for the liquid bonding resin or alcohol gauze to be cement of material increments.	
9	ight readied during placement of the material. It is	
	ial can be light-cured as increments are placed.	
COMMENTS		
Student's Signature:		Date:

Instructor's Signature: _____ Date: _____

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	
Benchmark 2: Standard 7:	DENTAL SCIENCE II DIRECT RESTORATIVE MATERIALS	
Objective 07.07	Mixing Intermediate Restorative Materials	
Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student does not perform a step, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit and <u>must</u> repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner. Materials Needed: Treated paper pad, spatula, IRM powder and dispenser, IRM liquid and dropper, 2 X 2 inch gauze, alcohol.		
PROCEDURE STE		SATISFACTORY
	before dispensing; then measure the powder onto the	
mixing pad.		
IRM is dispensed in	If the powder; then dispense the liquid onto the pad. equal ratios, meaning 1 scoop of powder to 1 drop of	
liquid.		
3. Recap the contain		
	owder into the liquid. The resulting mix should be	
	e. The mix must be completed within 1 minute. et the equipment immediately.	
Comments:	et the equipment ininectiatery.	
Comments.		
Student's Signature:		Date:

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	
Benchmark 2: Standard 7:	DENTAL SCIENCE II DIRECT RESTORATIVE MATERIALS	
Objective 07.07	Mixing Intermediate Restorative Materials	
Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student does not perform a step, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit and <u>must</u> repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner. Materials Needed: Treated paper pad, spatula, IRM powder and dispenser, IRM liquid and dropper, 2 X 2 inch gauze, alcohol.		
PROCEDURE STE		SATISFACTORY
	before dispensing; then measure the powder onto the	
mixing pad.		
IRM is dispensed in	If the powder; then dispense the liquid onto the pad. equal ratios, meaning 1 scoop of powder to 1 drop of	
liquid.		
3. Recap the contain		
	owder into the liquid. The resulting mix should be	
	e. The mix must be completed within 1 minute. et the equipment immediately.	
Comments:	et the equipment ininectiatery.	
Comments.		
Student's Signature:		Date:

CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST Benchmark 2: DENTAL SCIENCE II Standard 7: DIRECT RESTORATIVE MATERIALS Objective 07.08 Demonstrate the Application of Calcium Hydroxide Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student does not perform a step, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit and must repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner. Materials Needed: Small paper mixing pad, small spatula (optional), calcium hydroxide applicator, calcium hydroxide base and catalyst paste, 2 X 2 gauze pads, alcohol. PROCEDURE STEPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE SATISFACTORY 1. Dispense small equal amounts of the catalyst and base pastes onto the pad. 2. Using a circular motion, quickly mix (10 to 15 seconds) the material over a small area of the paper pad with the spatula or calcium hydroxide applicator. 3. Use gauze to clean the spatula. 4. With the tip of the applicator, pick up a small amount of the material, and apply a thin layer at the deepest area of the preparation. 5. Using an explorer to remove any material from the enamel before drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments: Date:	Student	Period	
Objective 07.08 Demonstrate the Application of Calcium Hydroxide Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student does not perform a step, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit and must repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner. Materials Needed: Small paper mixing pad, small spatula (optional), calcium hydroxide applicator, calcium hydroxide base and catalyst paste, 2 X 2 gauze pads, alcohol. PROCEDURE STEPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE SATISFACTORY 1. Dispense small equal amounts of the catalyst and base pastes onto the pad. 2. Using a circular motion, quickly mix (10 to 15 seconds) the material over a small area of the paper pad with the spatula or calcium hydroxide applicator. 3. Use gauze to clean the spatula. 4. With the tip of the applicator, pick up a small amount of the material, and apply a thin layer at the deepest area of the preparation. 5. Using an explorer to remove any material from the enamel before drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments:			•
Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student does not perform a step, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit and must repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner. Materials Needed: Small paper mixing pad, small spatula (optional), calcium hydroxide applicator, calcium hydroxide base and catalyst paste, 2 X 2 gauze pads, alcohol. PROCEDURE STEPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE 1. Dispense small equal amounts of the catalyst and base pastes onto the pad. 2. Using a circular motion, quickly mix (10 to 15 seconds) the material over a small area of the paper pad with the spatula or calcium hydroxide applicator. 3. Use gauze to clean the spatula. 4. With the tip of the applicator, pick up a small amount of the material, and apply a thin layer at the deepest area of the preparation. 5. Using an explorer to remove any material from the enamel before drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments:			
does not perform a step, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit and must repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner. Materials Needed: Small paper mixing pad, small spatula (optional), calcium hydroxide applicator, calcium hydroxide base and catalyst paste, 2 X 2 gauze pads, alcohol. PROCEDURE STEPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE 1. Dispense small equal amounts of the catalyst and base pastes onto the pad. 2. Using a circular motion, quickly mix (10 to 15 seconds) the material over a small area of the paper pad with the spatula or calcium hydroxide applicator. 3. Use gauze to clean the spatula. 4. With the tip of the applicator, pick up a small amount of the material, and apply a thin layer at the deepest area of the preparation. 5. Using an explorer to remove any material from the enamel before drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments:	Objective 07.08	Demonstrate the Application of Calcium Hydrox	ide
PROCEDURE STEPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE 1. Dispense small equal amounts of the catalyst and base pastes onto the pad. 2. Using a circular motion, quickly mix (10 to 15 seconds) the material over a small area of the paper pad with the spatula or calcium hydroxide applicator. 3. Use gauze to clean the spatula. 4. With the tip of the applicator, pick up a small amount of the material, and apply a thin layer at the deepest area of the preparation. 5. Using an explorer to remove any material from the enamel before drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments:	 does not perform a step, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit and <u>must</u> repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner. Materials Needed: Small paper mixing pad, small spatula (optional), calcium hydroxide 		
pad. 2. Using a circular motion, quickly mix (10 to 15 seconds) the material over a small area of the paper pad with the spatula or calcium hydroxide applicator. 3. Use gauze to clean the spatula. 4. With the tip of the applicator, pick up a small amount of the material, and apply a thin layer at the deepest area of the preparation. 5. Using an explorer to remove any material from the enamel before drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments:			
2. Using a circular motion, quickly mix (10 to 15 seconds) the material over a small area of the paper pad with the spatula or calcium hydroxide applicator. 3. Use gauze to clean the spatula. 4. With the tip of the applicator, pick up a small amount of the material, and apply a thin layer at the deepest area of the preparation. 5. Using an explorer to remove any material from the enamel before drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments:	1. Dispense small eq	ual amounts of the catalyst and base pastes onto the	
over a small area of the paper pad with the spatula or calcium hydroxide applicator. 3. Use gauze to clean the spatula. 4. With the tip of the applicator, pick up a small amount of the material, and apply a thin layer at the deepest area of the preparation. 5. Using an explorer to remove any material from the enamel before drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments:	pad.		
applicator. 3. Use gauze to clean the spatula. 4. With the tip of the applicator, pick up a small amount of the material, and apply a thin layer at the deepest area of the preparation. 5. Using an explorer to remove any material from the enamel before drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments:	2. Using a circular m	notion, quickly mix (10 to 15 seconds) the material	
3. Use gauze to clean the spatula. 4. With the tip of the applicator, pick up a small amount of the material, and apply a thin layer at the deepest area of the preparation. 5. Using an explorer to remove any material from the enamel before drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments:	over a small area of	the paper pad with the spatula or calcium hydroxide	
4. With the tip of the applicator, pick up a small amount of the material, and apply a thin layer at the deepest area of the preparation. 5. Using an explorer to remove any material from the enamel before drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments:	applicator.		
and apply a thin layer at the deepest area of the preparation. 5. Using an explorer to remove any material from the enamel before drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments:	3. Use gauze to clear	n the spatula.	
and apply a thin layer at the deepest area of the preparation. 5. Using an explorer to remove any material from the enamel before drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments:			
5. Using an explorer to remove any material from the enamel before drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments:			
drying. 6. Clean and disinfect equipment immediately. Comments:			
Comments:		•	
	6. Clean and disinfe	ct equipment immediately.	
Student's Signature: Date:	Comments:		
Student's Signature: Date:			
	Student's Signature:		Date:

Instructor's Signature: _____ Date: _____

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	Γ
Benchmark 2: Standard 7:	DENTAL SCIENCE II DIRECT RESTORATIVE MATERIALS	;
Objective 07.09	Demonstrate the Application of Dental Varnish	
does not perform a sentire procedure. Sk	g Scale: The student is to perform each step in the extep, or requires help, the student cannot receive creditill must be performed in a timely manner. Micro brush applicators (2), cotton pliers and cotton p	it and <u>must</u> repeat the
varnish.		· · ·
	EPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
2. Open the bottle of pellet into the liquid.	plicator or cotton pellet in cotton pliers. Evarnish and place the tip of the applicator or cotton n the bottle immediately. Evaporation causes liquid	
	omes too thick, a thinning agent must be added.	
	ng of the varnish on the walls, floor, and margin of	
the cavity preparatio	n.	
5. Allow to air dry.		
Comments:		
Student's Signature:		Date:
Instructor's Signature:	:	Date:

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	
Benchmark 2: Standard 8:	DENTAL SCIENCE II INDIRECT RESTORATIVE MATERIALS	
Objective 08.04	Demonstrate Mixing Zinc Phosphate for Perman	ent Cementation
does not perform a sentire procedure. Sk Materials Needed: 0	g Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evatep, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit ill must be performed in a timely manner. Glass slab (cool), spatula, zinc phosphate powder and dropper, 2 X 2 gauze pads, alcohol.	and must repeat the
	PS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
opposite end.	der toward one end of the slab and the liquid at the ers. Materials are damaged by prolonged exposure	
	into small increments as directed by the	
1 1	owder increment thoroughly into the liquid. The re used first. Mixing time per increment varies; 20 seconds.	
5. Spatulate the mix	thoroughly, using broad strokes or a figure-8 ge are of the slab. This dissipates the heat generated	
should string up and is approximately 1 to		
7. Clean and disinfer Comments:	ct the equipment immediately.	
Student's Signature:		Date:

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	
Benchmark 2: Standard 8:	DENTAL SCIENCE II INDIRECT RESTORATIVE MATERIALS	
Objective 08.05	Demonstrate Mixing Polycarboxylate for Perman	nent Cementation
Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student does not perform a step, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit and <u>must</u> repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner. Materials Needed: Treated paper pad, spatula, polycarboxylate powder and dispenser, polycarboxylate liquid, 2 X 2 gauze pads.		
* 	EPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
1. Gently shake the ponto the mixing pad	powder to fluff the ingredients. Measure the powder and immediately recap the container. d; then recap the container.	
	e of the spatula to incorporate all the powder quickly	
	e time. The mix must be completed within 30	
4. A correct mix sho surface.	uld be somewhat thick and have a shiny, glossy	
5. Clean and disinfed	ct the equipment immediately.	
Comments:		
Student's Signature:		Date:

Instructor's Signature: _____ Date: ____

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	ı
Benchmark 2: Standard 8:	: DENTAL SCIENCE II INDIRECT RESTORATIVE MATERIALS	
Objective 08.06	Demonstrate Mixing Glass Ionomer for Permanent Cementation	
Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student does not perform a step, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit and <u>must</u> repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner. Materials Needed: Paper mixing pad, spatula, glass ionomer powder and dispenser, glass		
ionomer liquid, 2 X 2	PS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
1. Dispense the manuone end of the paper p	facturer's recommended proportions of the liquid at pad.	
	facturer's recommended proportion of the powder e paper pad; this is usually divided into two or there	
3. Incorporate the pov	wder and liquid, following the recommended mixing	
	be completed in 30 seconds.	
4. The material should	d have a glossy appearance.	
5. Clean and disinfect	the equipment immediately.	
Comments:		
Student's Signature:		Date:
Instructor's Signature:		Date:

Benchmark 2: DENTAL SCIENCE II

Standard 8: INDIRECT RESTORATIVE MATERIALS

Objective 08.07 Demonstrate Mixing a Two-Paste Final Impression Material

Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student **does not** perform a step, or requires help, the student **cannot** receive credit and **must** repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner.

Materials Needed: Stock or custom tray with adhesive, 2 large, stiff, tapered spatulas or tongue blades, 2 large paper pads, light-bodied base and catalyst, heavy-bodied base and catalyst, impression syringe with sterile tip, 2 X 2 gauze pads.

Impression syringe with sterile tip, 2 X 2 gauze pags. PROCEDURE CEEPS, 3X - 1 1 - 2 1 1 - 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
PROCEDURE STEPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY	
Preparing Light-Bodied Syringe Material		
1. Dispense approximately 1 ½ to 2 inches of equal lengths of the		
base and catalyst of the light-bodied material onto the pad, making		
sure that the materials are not touching. Recap immediately.		
2. Place the tip of the spatula blade into the catalyst and base; then		
mix in a swirling direction for approximately 5 seconds.		
3. Spatulate smoothly, wiping back and forth and trying to use only		
one side of the spatula during the mixing process.		
4. Gather the material together into a homogeneous mass by		
scraping up the material with the spatula blade and wiping it onto		
the pad.		
5. Take your syringe tube and begin cookie cutting the material into		
the syringe. Insert the plunger and express a small amount of the		
material to make sure it is in working order.		
6. Transfer the syringe to the dentist, making sure the tip of the		
syringe is directed toward the tooth.		
Preparing Heavy-Bodied Tray Material		
1. Dispense approximately 3 to 4 inches of equal lengths of the base		
and catalyst of the heavy-bodied material onto the pad, making sure		
that the materials are not touching. Recap immediately.		
2. Place the tip of the spatula blade into the catalyst and base; then		
mix in a swirling direction for approximately 5 seconds.		
3. Spatulate smoothly, wiping back and forth and trying to use only		
one side of the spatula during the mixing process.		
4. Gather the material together into a homogeneous mass by		
scraping up the material with the spatula blade and wiping it onto		
the pad.		

5. Gather the bulk of the material with the spatula and load it into the	
tray. The best way to complete this without incorporating air is to	
use the flat side of the spatula and follow around the outside rim of	
the tray, "wiping" the material into the tray.	
6. Retrieve the syringe from the dentist and transfer the tray, making	
sure the dentist is able to grasp the handle of the tray properly.	
Comments:	
Student's Signature:	Date:
Student's Signature.	Date.
Instructor's Signature:	Date:

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	
Benchmark 2: Standard 8:	DENTAL SCIENCE II INDIRECT RESTORATIVE MATERIAL	LS
Objective 08.08	Prepare an Automix Final Impression	
does not perform a sentire procedure. Sk Materials Needed: St light-bodied mixing	g Scale: The student is to perform each step in the eventep, or requires help, the student cannot receive creditill must be performed in a timely manner. Stock or custom tray with adhesive, 2 extruder units, 2 tip, Cartridge of light-bodied material, cartridge of heat	t and <u>must</u> repeat the 2 extruder mixing tips,
X 2 gauze pads.	S. W. J. L. J. and J. and J. DDE	SATISFACTORY
 Load the extruder w bodied material. Remove the caps from 	S: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE ith dual cartridges of the base and the catalyst of light- om the tube and extrude a small amount of unmixed	SATISFACTORI
3. Attach a mixing tip bodied application by	on the extruder, along with a syringe tip for the light-	
reached the tip and tran	ready, begin squeezing the trigger until the material has nsfer to the dentist, making sure that the tip is directed impression. The dentist places the light-bodied material repared tooth.	
5. Place the heavy-bod small amount (same as the cartridge.	lied cartridges in the extruder, making sure to express a swith the light-bodied material). Attach the mixing tip to	
	ready, squeeze the trigger, mixing the heavy bodied ression tray, making sure not to trap air into the material.	
7. Transfer the tray, m	aking sure the dentist is able to grasp the handle of the	
tray. 8. When the impression	n materials have reached final set, the impression is	
	I for accuracy by the dentist.	
9. The impression is di	sinfected, placed in a precaution bag, labeled with	
patient's name, and tal	ken to the laboratory.	
Comments:		

Student's Signature:

Instructor's Signature: _

Date:

Date:

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	,
Benchmark 2: Standard 8:	DENTAL SCIENCE II INDIRECT RESTORATIVE MATERIAI	L
Objective 08.09	Take a Wax-Bite Registration	
does not perform a s entire procedure. Sk	g Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evatep, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit ill must be performed in a timely manner. Baseplate wax or wax arch, laboratory knife, heat sourch).	t and <u>must</u> repeat the
	PS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
1. Explain the proceed placed will be warm,	lure to the patient. Reassure the patient that the wax not hot.	
-	ractice opening and closing the mouth normally.	
	the length of the wax by placing over the biting	
	and making necessary adjustments with the	
laboratory knife.		
4. Use a heat source	to soften the wax.	
5. Place the softened	wax against the biting surfaces of the teeth.	
6. Instruct the patient	t to bite gently and naturally into the wax.	
7. Allow the wax to owner syringe.	cool. This may be done by blowing with the air-	
8. Remove the wax b	oite registration carefully to avoid distortion. Cool entle stream of cold water.	
	name on a piece of paper and keep it with the wax	
	e registration with the impressions or casts until it is	
needed during the tri		
Comments:	-	

Student's Signature:

Date: _____

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	[
Benchmark 2: Standard 8:	DENTAL SCIENCE II INDIRECT RESTORATIVE MATERIA	LS
Objective 08.10	Demonstrate Mixing Polysiloxane Material for a	Bite Registration
does not perform a sentire procedure. Sk	g Scale: The student is to perform each step in the everage tep, or requires help, the student cannot receive crediction must be performed in a timely manner. Extruder unit, cartridge of bite registration material (beginning) tray	t and <u>must</u> repeat the
	CPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
and extrude a small a 2. Attach a mixing ti the tray, making sure	with dual cartridge, remove the caps from the tube amount of unmixed material onto the gauze pad. p on the extruder. Extrude the material directly onto to fill both sides of the tray. t to close in proper occlusion.	
	has set (about 1 minute), remove the impression,	
which is checked for		
with the written pres	nd dry the impression; then send it to the laboratory cription and other impressions.	
Comments:		
Student's Signature:		Date:
Instructor's Signature:		Date:

Student	Period_	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKI	
Benchmark 2: Standard 9:	DENTAL SCIENCE II LABORATORY PROCEDURES	
Objective 09.03	Demonstrate Mixing Alginate Impression M Preliminary Impressions.	laterials and Taking
does not perform a sentire procedure. Sk Materials Needed: St rubber bowl, beavert	g Scale: The student is to perform each step in the tep, or requires help, the student cannot receive ill must be performed in a timely manner. Surface barriers, alginate, powder measure, water ail-shaped wide-blade spatula,	r measure, medium-size
	PS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
Mixing Alginate Im		
	ate amount of water into the bowl.	
	lginate to "fluff" the contents. After fluffing,	
air.	id to prevent the particles from flying into the	
	o the ware and use the spatula to mix with a	
_	the powder until it has all been moistened.	
	alginate between the spatula and the side of the	
rubber bowl.	anginane corrections spaceau and and are or une	
5. Mix with the spatu	ala for the appropriate time. The mixture	
should appear smoot		
	mix into one mass on the inside edge of the	
	For placement into the tray.	
Comments:		
Student's Signature:		Date:
Instructor's Signature:		Date:
manucioi s signature:		Date

StudentPeriod	
---------------	--

Benchmark 2: DENTAL SCIENCE II

Standard 9: LABORATORY PROCEDURES

Objective 09.04 Demonstrate Taking Preliminary Impressions

Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student **does not** perform a step, or requires help, the student **cannot** receive credit and **must** repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner.

Materials Needed: Surface barriers, alginate, powder measure, water measure, medium-size rubber bowl, beavertail-shaped wide-blade spatula, sterile impression trays, utility wax, saliva ejector, biohazard bag.

ejector, biohazard bag.	
PROCEDURE STEPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
Preparation	
1. Gather all necessary supplies. Seat and prepare the patient.	
2. Explain the procedure to the patient. Select and prepare the	
impression trays.	
Taking Mandibular Preliminary Impression	
1. Mix alginate and gather half the alginate in the bowl onto the	
spatula, then wipe alginate into one side of the tray from the lingual	
side. Quickly press the material down to the base of the tray.	
2. Gather the remaining half of the alginate in the bowl onto the	
spatula; then load the other side of the tray in the same manner.	
3. Smooth the surface of the alginate by wiping a moistened finger	
along the surface.	
Seating the Mandibular Impression Tray	
1. Place additional material over the occlusal surfaces of the	
mandibular teeth.	
2. Retract the patient's cheek with the index finger.	
3. Turn the tray slightly sideways when placing it into the mouth.	
4. Center the tray over the teeth.	
5. Press down the posterior border of the tray first to form a seal.	
6. Push down the anterior portion of the tray and ask the patient to	
lift the tongue to the roof of the mouth and then relax.	
7. Instruct the patient to breathe normally while the tray is in place.	
8. Observe the alginate around the tray to determine when the	
material has set.	
Removing the Mandibular Impression	
1. Place your fingers on the top of the impression tray.	
2. Gently break the seal between the impression and the peripheral	

tissues by moving the inside of the patient's cheeks or lips with the	
finger.	
3. Grasping the handle of the tray with your thumb and index finger,	
use a firm lifting motion to break the seal.	
4. Snap up the tray and impression from the dentition.	
5. Have the patient rinse with water to remove any excess alginate	
material.	
6. Evaluate the impression for accuracy of gingival margins, roll of	
vestibules, and frenum.	
7. Rinse, disinfect, wrap in a slightly moistened towel, and place the	
impression in the appropriate precaution bag before pouring up.	
Loading the Maxillary Impression Tray	
1. Mix alginate and load the maxillary tray in one large increment,	
using a wiping motion to fill the tray from the posterior end.	
2. Place the bulk of the material toward the anterior palatal area of	
the tray.	
3. Moisten fingertips with water and smooth the surface of the	
alginate.	
Seating the Maxillary Impression Tray	
Repeat steps 1-5 of Seating Mandibular Impression.	
6. Direct the anterior portion of the tray upward over the teeth.	
7. Gently lift the patient's lip out of the way as the tray is seated.	
Have the patient tip their head forward as you seat the tray. This	
technique helps to prevent triggering the gag reflex when the	
material touches the soft palate.	
8. Hold the tray firmly in place while the alginate sets. Have the	
patient breath through their nose.	
Removing the Maxillary Impression	
Repeat steps 1-7 of Removing Mandibular Impression.	
Before Dismissing the Patient	
1. Examine the patient's mouth for any remaining fragments of	
alginate and remove them using an explorer and dental floss.	
2. Use a moist facial tissue to remove any alginate from the patient's	
face.	
Comments:	
Student's Signature:	Date:
Leaders de m'e C'e mediene	Data
Instructor's Signature:	Date:

Student	Period_	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKI	_
Benchmark 2: Standard 9:	DENTAL SCIENCE II LABORATORY PROCEDURES	
Objective 09.05	Disinfecting an Alginate Impression	
does not perform a entire procedure. Si	ng Scale: The student is to perform each step in to step, or requires help, the student cannot receive kill must be performed in a timely manner. PPE, including protective clothing, face mask, exhibiting the student solution.	credit and must repeat the
PROCEDURE ST	EPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
-	sion under running tap water to clean it. If	
	t, camel-hair brush to remove debris.	
	sion with intermediate level disinfectant	
thoroughly and wrap	p with well-moistened paper towel.	
contact time.	ession after the manufacturer's recommended	
	sion under tap water to remove any residual	
5. Gently shake the	impression within the sink basin to remove the	
remaining water wit	•	
6. Pour up the impre	essions.	
Comments:		
Student's Signature:		Date:

Instructor's Signature: _____ Date: _____

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	
Benchmark 2: Standard 9:	DENTAL SCIENCE II LABORATORY PROCEDURES	
Objective 09.06	Demonstrate Mixing Dental Plaster	
does not perform a sentire procedure. Sk Materials Needed: I	g Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evatep, or requires help, the student cannot receive credit ill must be performed in a timely manner. Flexible rubber mixing bowl (clean and dry), metal space, plaster (100 g), water-measuring device, room-temporer.	and must repeat the atula (stiff blade with
	PS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
1. Measure 45 ml of bowl.	room-temperature water into a clean rubber mixing	
2. Place a paper towe Weigh out 100 g of c	el on the scale and make necessary adjustments. lental plaster.	
· •	o the water in steady increments. Allow the powder er for about 30 seconds.	
	incorporate the powder slowly into the water. A mix should be achieved in about 20 seconds.	
	o low or medium speed and place the bowl of plaster	
	rotate the bowl on the vibrator. Air bubbles will rise	
	and vibration of the plaster in no longer than 2	
Comments:		

Student's Signature:

Date: _____

Student	Period

Benchmark 2: DENTAL SCIENCE II

Standard 9: LABORATORY PROCEDURES

Objective 09.07 Demonstrate Pouring Dental Models using Inverted Pour Method

Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student **does not** perform a step, or requires help, the student **cannot** receive credit and **must** repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner.

Materials Needed: Maxillary and mandibular impression, glass slab or tile, laboratory spatula, laboratory knife and cutters, 150 g of plaster, 60 ml of water, flexible rubber bowl, vibrator.

laboratory knife and cutters, 150 g of plaster, 60 ml of water, flexible rubber bowl, vibrator.		
PROCEDURE STEPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY	
Preparing the Impression		
1. Use a gentle stream of air to remove excess moisture from the		
impression. Be careful not to dry out the impression too much.		
2. Use your laboratory knife or cutters to remove any excess impression		
material that will interfere with the pouring of the model.		
Pouring the Mandibular or Maxillary Model and Base		
1. Mix the plaster as outlined; set the vibrator at low to medium speed.		
2. Hold the impression tray by the handle and place the edge of the base		
of the handle on the vibrator.		
3. Dip the spatula into the plaster mix, picking up a small increment		
(about ½ teaspoon).		
4. Place the spatula to the impression near the most posterior tooth.		
Guide the material as it flows to the occlusal.		
5. Continue to place small increments in the same area as the first		
increment and allow the plaster to flow toward the anterior teeth.		
6. Turn the tray on its side to provide the continuous flow of material		
forward into each tooth impression.		
7. Once all of the teeth in the impression are covered, begin to add larger		
increments until the entire impression is filled.		
8. Place the additional material onto a glass slab; shape the base to		
approximately 2 by 2 inches by 1 inch thick.		
9. Invert the impression onto the base so that the handle and occlusal		
plane of the teeth on the cast are parallel with the surface of the glass		
slab. Do not push the impression into the base.		
10 Holding the tray steady, use a spatula to smooth the plaster base onto		
the margins of the initial pour. Be careful not to cover the impression		
tray with material, or you will have difficulty in removing the cast from		
the impression.		

Separating the Cast from the Impression	
1. Wait 45 to 60 minutes after the base has been poured before separating	
the impression from the model.	
2. Use the laboratory knife to gently separate the margins of the tray.	
3. Apply firm, straight, upward pressure on the handle of the tray to	
remove the impression.	
4. If the tray does not separate easily, check to see where the tray is still	
attached to the impression. Again, use the laboratory knife to free the	
tray from model.	
5. Pull the tray handle straight up from the model.	
6. The models are ready for trimming and polishing.	
Comments:	
	1
Student's Signature:	Date:
Instructor's Signature:	Date:

StudentPeriod	
---------------	--

Benchmark 2: DENTAL SCIENCE II

Standard 9: LABORATORY PROCEDURES

Objective 09.08 Demonstrate Trimming and Finishing Dental Models

Performance Rating Scale: The student is to perform each step in the evaluation. If the student **does not** perform a step, or requires help, the student **cannot** receive credit and **must** repeat the entire procedure. Skill must be performed in a timely manner.

Materials Needed: Maxillary and mandibular dental model, wax bite registration, pencil, ruler or compass, laboratory knife, model trimmer.

1
SATISFACTORY

4. Trim the lateral cuts to match the maxillary lateral cuts.	
5. Trim the back and heel cuts to match the maxillary heel cuts.	
6. Mark on the mandibular model the canine point from the maxillary	
model. Trim the anterior cut rounded from canine to canine.	
7. The models are now ready to be finished.	
Finishing the Model	
1. Mix a slurry of gypsum and fill in any voids.	
2. Using a laboratory knife, remove any extra gypsum that occurs as	
beads on the occlusion or model.	
Comments:	
Student's Signature:	Date:
Instructor's Signature:	Date:

Student	Period	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKLIST	Γ
Benchmark 2: Standard 9:	DENTAL SCIENCE II LABORATORY PROCEDURES	
Objective 09.09	Demonstrate Constructing a Vacuum-formed Bl	eaching Tray
does not perform a sentire procedure. Sk Materials Needed: I	g Scale: The student is to perform each step in the everage tep, or requires help, the student cannot receive creditill must be performed in a timely manner. Diagnostic models, block out resin, thermoplastic resident bridge scissors vacuum former, cup with water, heat	it and must repeat the
	CPS: Wash hands and don appropriate PPE	SATISFACTORY
	that it extends 3 to 4 mm past the gingival border.	
resin on the facial sur	voir for the bleaching solution, place a block out rfaces of the model. Be sure to leave 1 to 2 mm of val and interproximal margins.	
	ormer, heat a tray sheet until it sags ½ to 1 inch.	
4. Lower the sheet over seconds.	ver the model and turn on the vacuum for 10	
	after allowing it to cool completely.	
	rs, cut the excess material from the tray.	
7. Use small, sharp so from the gingival ma	cissors to trim the tray approximately 0.5 mm away argin.	
8. Place the tray onto	the original mode, and check gingival extensions.	
	and moistened fingers gently heat and readapt the el one sextant at a time.	
10. The bleaching tra	by should be washed and disinfected and delivered to be with antiseptic mouthwash. Patient should receive structions on care of the bleaching tray.	
Comments:		

Student's Signature:	Date:	
Instructor's Signature:	Date:	

Student	Period_	
	CLINICAL DENTAL ASSISTING PERFORMANCE SKILLS CHECKI	
Benchmark 2: Standard 9:	DENTAL SCIENCE II LABORATORY PROCEDURES	
Objective 09.10	Demonstrate Constructing a Vacuum-forme	ed Mouth Guard
does not perform a entire procedure. Sl Materials Needed:	ng Scale: The student is to perform each step in the step, or requires help, the student cannot receive kill must be performed in a timely manner. Maxillary model, heavy gauge thermoplastic residual handpiece, acrylic trimming bur, heat source (torce)	credit and <u>must</u> repeat the n material, bandage
PROCEDURE ST		SATISFACTORY
	o that it extends 3 to 4 mm past the gingival	5.1112.211010111
3. Using a vacuum inch.	former, heat a tray sheet until it sags ½ to 1	
4. Lower the sheet of seconds.	over the model and turn on the vacuum for 10	
5. Remove the sheet	after allowing it to cool completely.	
6. Using your scisso	ors, cut the excess material from the tray.	
	trimming bur in the laboratory handpiece, shape th guard along the mucobuccal and palatal	
8. Place the mouth g trimmed edges to gi	guard on the model and using the torch, heat the ve a smooth glossy finish. If using a colored	
4	use caution, some colors will scorch.	
	ct the mouth guard and deliver to patient with a	
storage case. Comments:		
Comments:		

Instructor's Signature:	 Date:	

Student's Signature:

_____ Date: _____